

7. The Unity of Indian culture

1. Who has delivered the speech "The Unity of Indian culture"?:

Answer:- Humayun Kabir has delivered the Speech. "The Unit of Indian Cutlture".

2. How were the Aryan regarded till recently?

Answer:- Till recently the Aryans were regarded as the earliest invaders of the land (India).

3. How did the pre-Aryans build up a new civilization?

Answer:-The pre-Aryans had built up a new civilization which has astonished modem scholars by I am extent and depth

4. What according to author is the most remarkable feature of Indian culture?

Answer:-The most remarkable feature of Indian culture, according to the author is the underlying unity of spirit, informing Indian culture throughout the ages diverse expressions' of its life, underlying the changes of Indian history.

5. Where have old civilization and culture grown and changed?

Answer:-The old civilization and culture have grown and changed in India and to some extent in China.

6. What has been the policy of the Indians in all spheres of life?

Answer:- The policy of the Indians in all spheres of life has been, "Live and let live".

7. What is preferable to fanatic devotion?

Answer:- Toleration is preferable to the fanatic devotion which leads to the denial and persecution of all other values but its own.

8. Which spirit underlying the changes of Indian history?

Answer:-The spirit of underlying unity, which informs the diverse expressions' of its life, underlying the changes of Indian history.

9. How does Humayun Kabir define culture?

Answer:-According to Humayun Kabir, culture is a concept which cannot be simply or unitarily defined. It is always a complex of many strands of varying importance and vitality.

10. How does Humayun Kabir define civilization?

Answer:-Humayun Kabir defines civilization as the organisation of society which creates the condition of culture.

11. What does the experience of European countries give us?

Answer: -The experience of European countries gives us cases of civilization without culture.

IMPORTANT OBJECTIVE

7. The Unity of Indian Culture

1. Who is the writer of 'Unity of Indian Culture'?

- (A) Leo Tolstoy
- (B) Humayun Kabir
- (C) Satyajit Ray
- (D) None of these

Ans - B

2. Who has delivered the speech 'The Unity of Indian Culture'?

- (A) Humayun Kabir
- (B) Dr. Trinath Mishra

(C) Mahadevi Verma

(D) Leo Tolstoy

Ans - A

3. It's that specially distinguishes the culture of India as per 'The Unity of Indian Culture'.

(A) Variety of religions

(B) Unity of people

(C) Unbroken continuity

(D) Cultural Variety

Ans - C

4. What is one of the most remarkable features of Indian culture, according to Humayun Kabir?

(A) Underlying Unity

(B) Lots of festivals

(C) Diversity of people

(D) So many religions

Ans - A

5. 'The Unity of Indian Culture', was a lecture delivered by Humayun Kabir in-

(A) Bangalore University

(B) Baroda University

- (C) Delhi University
- (D) Bombay University

Ans - B

6. Modern research has proved that there were invaders even before the.....poured into this land.

- (A) Aryans
- (B) Americans
- (C) Japanese
- (D) Mughals

Ans - A

7. Underlying Unity is the most remarkable feature of

- (A) American Culture
- (B) Indian Culture
- (C) Greek Culture
- (D) Chinese Culture

Ans - B

8.has been the guiding principle of the Indians in all spheres of life according to the essay 'The Unity of Indian Culture'

- (A) 'Live and Let Live'
- (B) 'Work is worship'

(C) 'Health is wealth'

(D) None of these

Ans - A

9. According to the writer of 'The Unity of Indian Culture' the.....were regarded as the earliest invaders of the land.

(A) Aryans

(B) Sakas

(C) Greeks

(D) British

Ans - A

10. In the lesson 'The Unity of Indian Culture', the author gives us his views on Indian..... and civilization.

(A) culture

(B) business

(C) fabrics

(D) technology

Ans - A

11. It is the feeling of beeloning to one.... that is so special about Indian Culture.

(A) religion

(B) group

(C) region

(D) race

Ans - B

12. Humayun Kabir was a famous.....

(A) dramatist

(B) musician

(C) essayist

(D) story writer

Ans - C

13. Who were Sakas and Huns?

(A) Foreigners

(B) Invader on India

(C) Great tribes

(D) Respected leaders

Ans - C

14. Where have old civilization and culture grown and changed?

(A) America

(B) England

(C) India and China

(D) None of these

Ans - C

15. Culture is always a complex of... strands of varying importance and vitality.

- (A) two
- (B) three
- (C) four
- (D) many

Ans - D

16. In India, the difference between the masses and classes is not one of quality but of information and....

- (A) opportunity
- (B) food
- (C) dress
- (D) hair

Ans - A

17. The Aryan came to a country which was....

- (A) civilized
- (B) uncivilized
- (C) good natured
- (D) None of these

Ans - A

18. In which of the following Prime Minister, Humayun Kabir was a Central Minister?

- (A) Indira Gandhi
- (B) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (C) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- (D) Morarji Desai

Ans - B

19. Indian Culture is....

- (A) rigid
- (B) beautiful
- (C) blend many culture
- (D) flexible

Ans - C

20. The author gives up his views on Indian.... and civilization.

- (A) technology
- (B) religion
- (C) custom
- (D) culture

Ans - D

21. What is the meaning of 'absorbed'?

- (A) take in
- (B) take away
- (C) take out
- (D) take down

Ans - A

22.is the common characteristic of all culture.

- (A) Continuity
- (B) Unity
- (C) Diversity
- (D) Mentality

Ans - B

23. Sakas and Huns came after....

- (A) The British
- (B) The Mugal
- (C) The Greek
- (D) The Aryans

Ans - D

24. In India the old civilization and culture have grown and.....

- (A) changed

- (B) developed
- (C) formed
- (D) None of these

Ans - C

25. Who came to India?

- (A) Many races and tribes
- (B) Many invaders
- (C) Many foreigners
- (D) Many leaders

Ans - A

26. Culture is the efflorescence of.....

- (A) organisation
- (B) modernisation
- (C) unity
- (D) civilization

Ans - D

27. There can be no culture without....

- (A) civilization
- (B) history
- (C) war

(D) Socialism

Ans - A

28. has characterised Indian history throughout the ages.

(A) Spirit of Unity

(B) Spirit of Toleration

(C) Vitality

(D) Rich culture

Ans - A

29. The ancient world threw up fine flowers of.....

(A) culture

(B) civilization

(C) character

(D) unity

Ans - B

30. Indian culture is amazing because of its

(A) myth

(B) logic

(C) vitality

(D) courage

Ans - C

31. Humayun Kabir was a

- (A) doctor
- (B) orator
- (C) lawyer
- (D) political thinker

Ans - D

32. Humayun Kabir's lecture delivered in Baroda University focuses on the..... past of India's culture.

- (A) rich
- (B) extraordinary
- (C) remote
- (D) glorious

Ans - D

33. Civilization has changed and grown in....

- (A) England
- (B) America
- (C) Africa
- (D) India

Ans - D

34.is the most amazing aspect of Indian culture

- (A) myth
- (B) courage
- (C) vitality
- (D) logic

Ans - C

35. Civilization is the organization of... which creates the condition of culture.

- (A) family
- (B) office
- (C) school
- (D) society

Ans - D

36.were considered the earliest invaders of India.

- (A) Aryans
- (B) Turks
- (C) Greek
- (D) Afghans

Ans - A

